Test of Larval Growth and Survival Using Topsmelt

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Parameter	Specification	Met : Y	Spec N	ifics? NA	
Sample Preparation					
Filtering	If indigenous organisms, filter through a sieve (60 µm) (Must)				
D.O. Measurement	In each sample prior to filtering and after T° adjustment				
Pre-aeration	None unless D.O. is < 4 mg/L, then aerate all test solutions for a few minutes				
	at a rate not exceeding 100 bubbles/min, until the D.O. is ≥ 4mg/L			l	
pH Adjustment	pH measured in each sample each day before new test solutions are made				
	A second (pH adjusted) test might be run if pH is outside 6.0 to 9.0				
T° Adjustment	T° to be measured in sample on arrival at lab				
•	Sample adjusted to 20 ± 1°C prior to test initiation (approximately 1h)				
Salinity Adjustment	Salinity of each sample measured before starting the test				
	Sample adjusted to 28 - 32 g/kg using hypersaline brine (HSB) (as per EC				
	guidance on salinity adjustment) (Must)				
Test Conditions					
Test Facility	Isolated from general laboratory disturbances				
	Instruments available to measure basic water quality variables (T°, D.O., pH,				
	salinity) and lab prepared for other analyses				
Test Type	Static renewal			l	
Test Duration	7 days (Must)				
Test T°	20 ± 1°C (Must)				
Light Quality	Ambient laboratory illumination.			l	
Light Intensity	10 - 20 µE/m²/s				
Photoperiod	16 ± 1h light; 8 ± 1h dark				
Salinity	28 - 32 g/kg; preferably 30 g/kg; each test solution within 1 g/kg of the control;				
Gainity.	adjust using HSB (with a salinity of 90 ± 1g/kg) or deionized water				
	Nominal test conc. adjusted and reported in consideration of any salinity				
	adjustments (Must)				
D.O. Range	D.O. in test solutions should not fall below 4 mg/L				
Aeration	None, unless D.O. < 4 mg/L, then aerate all chambers at a rate not exceeding				
Aeradon	100 bubbles/min				
Vessel Size & Type	600 mL borosilicate glass beakers; covered during test with clean				
V C 3 3 C 1 C 1 2 C Q 1 ypc	polyethylene plastic				
Test Volume	200 mL/replicate (Must)				
Renewal of Solution	≤ 24 h for test duration (Must)				
Reflewar of Solution	75% of solution replaced; dead brine shrimp and detritus removed; new test				
	solution added slowly and cautiously to avoid injury to the fish	l			
Dilution/Control Water.	Filtered (60 µm) uncontaminated lab seawater, reconstituted seawater, or			•••	
Dilution/Control Water.	filtered (60 µm) upstream receiving water	l			
	Salinity: 28 - 32 g/kg <b>(Must)</b> ; recommend 30 g/kg; salinity adjusted using			•••	
	aged HSB with a salinity of 90 ± 1 g/kg or deionized water, distilled water or				
	uncontaminated freshwater				
	Any HSB used, be from the same source as that used to adjust the salinity of				
	the sample or test solutions (Must)				
	Adjusted to 20 ± 1°C before use.				
	If the test organisms have been cultured in water which is different from the				
	test control/dilution water, a second set of controls, using culture water, is to				
	be included in the test				
	If any HSB is added to sample or test solutions to adjust salinity, the toxicity	•••			
	test include a set of controls prepared using only this HSB and deionized				
				1	
	water, adjusted to the test salinity 30 ± 2 g/kg (Must)				
	If uncontaminated receiving water used as control/dilution water, an additional			1	
	lab seawater control is to be run (Must)				
	Any test using dilution water (eg: natural seawater) which differs from this			1	
	HSB control include a separate set of controls prepared using this same			1	
V	dilution water (Must).				
Vessel Identification	Test chambers labeled with the test conc. and replicate number				

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Page 2/5 **Parameter Specification Met Specifics?** Ν ≥ 5 plus control to calculate ICp and LC50 (Must); dilution factor ≥ 0.5. . . . . . # Test Conc.... # Replicates/Conc.... 5 replicates per test conc. and controls (Must)..... . . . Test start with equal number of replicates for each test conc. and controls. . . # Organisms/Vessel... 5 larvae per test chamber (Must)..... Larvae be randomized before placing them into the test chambers (Must). . . Vessel Randomization. Test chambers placed in a randomized position in water bath, room or incubator.... Removal of Dead. . . . . Feeding Regime..... Feed twice daily during test with newly hatched (< 24h old) brine shrimp nauplii (40 nauplii per larvae) from days 0-6; larvae not fed on day 7. . . . . . . . Equal amounts of Artemia be fed to each replicate test chambers (Must). . . . All non-disposable test vessels and equipment to be thoroughly cleaned and Cleaning..... Siphon bottom of test chamber daily immediately before test solution renewal and feeding....... Endpoints...... Mortality and growth: if multi conc. test, LC50 for mortality and ICp for mean dry weight for surviving fish (both with their 95% confidence limits) (Must). . . Observations & Measurements D.O. + pH + T $^{\circ}$  +salinity........ At least at start and end (just before or immediately after renewal) of each 24hour exposure in representative concentrations (high, medium, low, and controls) in both the fresh and used solution (Must)..... Mortality. . . . . . . . . . . . . Mortality in each test vessel determined from a count of swimming larvae at intervals of 24 h from the start until the end of test at 7 d of exposure. . . . . . . # of fish showing loss of equilibrium or abnormal swimming behaviour determined for each test vessel..... Growth. . . . . . . . . . . Mean dry weight at 7 d for each test vessel..... Fish dried immediately at 105 °C for 6 h or at 60 °C for 24 h..... Upon removal from oven, boats moved immediately to dessicator, . . . . . . . . . Thereafter, the boats be individually and randomly removed from the dessicator and weighed on a balance the measures consistently to 10 µg. . . . Rapid weighing and standard timing among weigh boats is necessary...... Test Organism Species........ Source. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Be identified to species (Must); confirmed by a taxonomic expert. . . . . . . . . . Age..... In a given test, all organisms be approximately the same age and be taken A group of organisms not be used for a test if they appear to be unhealthy, Health Criteria..... discolored, or otherwise stressed, or if mortality exceeds 10 % preceding the test; upon failure of these criteria, the entire group is to be discarded and a Culture/Holding Conditions Adult to be held at 18°C; rate of change  $\leq$  2°C/day for new adult fish batches; pH....... D.O.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Culture water maintained at > 6.0 mg/L; not supersaturated...... Salinity. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 28 - 32 g/kg (Must); ideally 30 g/kg;  $\leq$  3 g/kg change over 12 h........ Ambient laboratory illumination; 2 cool white 40 W fluorescent lamps Light Quality. . . . . . . . . suspended 1.25 m above the surface of each tank........

This checklist is a summary of the requirements and recommendations in the Environment Canada test method. As a summary, it will not contain all supplementary information. If there is a discrepancy between the checklist and the Environment Canada test method, the test method is taken as the definitive source.

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Parameter	Specification	Page 3/5		
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Light Intensity	12 - 21 μE/m²/s			
Photoperiod	14 ± 1h light; 10 ± 1h dark; lights on at 6:00 and off at 2:00			
Feeding	Adults: 0.3 g of Tetramin™ flake food twice daily; supplemental feedings of			
-	krill or chopped squid are recommended			
	Newly hatched fish: with newly hatched (<24h old) Artemia			
Cleaning	Siphoning of debris daily or as required			
	After use, all culture materials be washed thoroughly, then rinsed with			
	seawater before reuse			
Culture Water	Filtered (≤ 60 µm) uncontaminated natural seawater, or reconstituted			
	seawater; or filtered (≤ 60 µm) receiving water			
	Flow to culture aquaria 0.5 L/min			
	T°, D.O., pH and salinity monitored in culture tanks daily			
Morbidity/Mortality	Adult and pre-adult fish being cultured inspected daily for signs of disease			
	Mortality rates and any evidence of disease recorded at least 5 d/w			
	Dead and moribund individuals removed immediately			
Acclimation	Once in the lab, fish treated for 2 d with a general antibiotic in a separate			
	tank, then divided among holding tanks			
	No more than 30 adult fish placed in each tank (100 L holding tank)			
Obtaining Eggs	A 1500 W immersion heater is used to provide T° spikes; T° is raised from			
(from Adults)	18 °C to 21 °C over a 12 h period, then allowed to return to 18 °C overnight;			
	reduced current velocity is produced once daily in each tank, from 24:00 to			
	2:00, by turning off the circulating pump			
Hatching Eggs	Newly fertilized embryos be placed in screen tubes set in aquaria at 20 ± 1°C.			
	Gentle aeration be provided (Must)			
	Beginning about day 9, check the screen tubes daily for the presence of			
	larvae; isolate newly-hatched larvae into a separate screen-tube at 21 °C			
	Remove and discard dead embryos or those with fungus daily			
Facility & Apparatus	Vessels and accessories contacting organisms and culture media made of			
	non-toxic material (Must)			
	Culture facility located away from physical disturbances and preferably			
	separate from test containers			
Larvae Transport	1 L ziplock plastic bag; ≤ 100 larvae/bag; no food to be added; oxygen			
	aeration for 30 s prior to bag closure; refrigerate during transport using ice;			
	keep between 15 and 18 °C			
		1	<b></b>	
QA/QC				
Test Validity Criteria	≥ 80% survival in controls (Must)			
	0.85 mg average dry weight of control larvae where test starts with 9-days old			
	larvae and dried immediately after test termination; or 0.72 mg if fish are first			
	preserved (not more than 7 days) in 4% formalin or 70% ethanol (Must)			
Reference Toxicant	Monthly and following the same procedure as the definitive test (Must)			
	Standard test of 7 d with LC50 and ICp endpoints (Must)			
	Copper chloride recommended; 5 replicates each of 0,56, 100, 180, and			
	320 μg/L total copper			
	LC50 for survival with copper ≤ 205 µg/L (Must)			
	For reference toxicant test, < 25% MSD for survival and < 50% MSD for			
	growth			
	If concurrent to effluent test, use embryos from the same spawn (Must);			
	handled in the same way and test solutions delivered to the test chambers at			
	the same time (Must); conducted at 28 to 32 g/kg using HSB adjustment			
	Using same water as culture dilution/water			
Warning Chart	Prepared for each reference toxicant and continually updated			
	Within acceptable warning limits (± 2 SD on log scale)			
	LC50 for survival within the warning limits (± 2 SD) of the historic reference	l	1	l
	toxicant mean (Must)			
	toxicalit illeali (must)		• • • •	

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Parameter	Specification	Met Specifics? Y N NA			
Sample Handling					
Sample Collection	For off-site effluent tests, either 3 subsamples from a single sampling or ≥ 3 separate samples are collected (Must); for on-site tests, samples are				
	collected daily and used within 24 h				
Volumes Containers	Volumes of 2L per day recommended				
Labeling	thoroughly rinsed used containers				
Holding Time Holding Conditions	sample collectors				
	ice or frozen gel packs		•••		
	The portion(s) of sample or subsamples required for solution renewals be stored in darkness in sealed containers without air headspace at 4 °C				
Minimum Level of	Do typical test reports reflect the minimum level of reporting outlined				
Reporting	below? (Must)				
Sample Data	Brief description of sample type if and as provided to the lab Information on labeling or coding, for each sample				
	Date of sample/subsample collection; date and time sample(s)/subsample(s) received at test facility.				
	For effluent or leachate, T° of sample upon receipt at lab				
	D.O. and pH of each sample just before its preparation and use				
Test Organism	Dates or days during test when individual samples or subsamples used Species and source of organisms				
	Age at start of test		•••		
Test Facilities	their use in the test				
rest radiities	Name of person(s) performing the test.				
	Brief description of test vessels (size, shape, type of material)				
Control/Dilution Water.	Type and source of water used as control and dilution water				
	Type and quantity of any chemical(s) added to control or dilution water				
Test Method	Statement that the Environment Canada guidance document on salinity adjustment has been followed				
	Citation of method used and type of test				
	adjusted, and/or is/are filtered, brief description of procedure(s)  Description of procedure(s) for salinity adjustment of sample and dilution				
	water				
	Description of procedure for preparation of hypersaline brine Frequency and type of all observations and measurements made during test. Name and citation of program(s) and methods used for calculating statistical				
Test Conditions	endpoints				
	procedures and conditions specified in test method document				
	Manner and rate of exchange of test solutions				
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Parameter	Specification	Met Specifics? Y N NA		
Test Conditions (con't).	# of individuals per test vessel, and # of replicates per treatment Brief statement (including procedure, rate and duration) if any pre-aeration or aeration of sample or test solutions			
Test Results	Dates when test was started and ended			
	dilution water, natural seawater controls), before and made during the test # and % of mortality of the organisms in each test chamber, as recorded daily.			
	Average dry weight per original fish in each test chamber	•••		
	transformation of data that was required			
	transformation of data that was required			
	previous tests			